

Safe care for people with cognitive impairment during COVID-19



Unfamiliar environment

Staff wearing PPE

Possible absence of carers

Social distancing



Increased risk of adverse events due to

- Disorientation
- Delirium
- Agitation and aggression leading to sedation

Provide safe, high quality care

Agree to goals of care.

Discuss treatment options and preferences with the person and their substitute decision-maker.



Involve the carer.

Encourage participation and ask how to reduce the person's distress.

Prevent delirium.

Avoid physical restraint, mobilise, keep hydrated, orientate and provide meaningful activities.

Treat appropriately.

Find underlying causes. Use non-pharmacological strategies first and only use antipsychotics as a last resort.

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